

S t r u c t u r e Silicon monolithic integrated circuit

Product Name Audio music player for cellular phone

Product No. BU8903GU

Features The audio decoding HE-AAC, AAC-LC and MP3

# OAbsolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks
Analog supply voltage	AVDD	-0.3 ~ 4.5	V	AVDD
Digital I/O supply voltage	VDDIO	-0.3 ~ 4.5	V	DVDDIO
Digital I/O2 supply voltage	VDDIO2	-0.3 ~ 4.5	V	DVDDIO2
CORE supply voltage	VDDCO	-0.3 ~ 2.16	V	DVDDCORE
Voltage applied to pins	VIN	DVSS-0.3 ~ VDDIO+0.3	V	
Power dissipation	Pd	1300	mW	(*1)
Storage temperature range	Tstg	-50 ∼ 125	°C	
Operating temperature range	Topr	-30 ∼ 85	°C	

<sup>(\*1)</sup> Note: Reduce to 13.0mW/°C when Ta = 25°C or above

# ORecommended Operating Power Supply Voltage Range

Parameter	Symbol	rating			I Imit	Damarka	
		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remarks	
Analog supply voltage	AVDD	2.7	2.8	3.3	V	AVDD	
Digital I/O supply voltage	DVDDIO	DVDDCO	1.8	3.3	V	DVDDIO	
Digital I/O2 supply voltage	VDDIO2	DVDDCO	3.0	3.3	V	DVDDIO2	
Digital CORE supply voltage	VDDCO	1.40	1.5	1.65	V	DVDDCORE	
MCLK1 input frequency	FMCLK1	32.768	-	26 000	KHz	32.768kHz or	
						2.688MHz~26MHz	
MCLK2 input frequency	FMCLK2	2688	-	26 000	KHz	sine wave / square wave	
						2.688MHz~26MHz	
MCLK duty	DMCLK	40	50	60	%		
Analog pin's load resistance	RL	10	-	-	kΩ		

This chip is not designed to protect itself against radioactive rays.

Status of this document

The English version of this document is the formal specification. A customer may use this translation version only for a reference

to help reading the formal version. If there are any differences in translation version of this document, formal version takes priority.



# **OElectrical Characteristics**

OVERALL electrical characteristics (Unless otherwise noted,  $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Rating			Unit	Conditions			
		Min Typ Max							
Digital DC characteristics									
High-level input voltage	VIH	DVDDIO*0.7	=	-	V				
Low-level input voltage	VIL	-	=	DVDDIO *0.3	V				
High-level input current	IIH	1	-	1	uA	VIH=VDDIO			
Low-level input current	IIL	-1	-	-	uA	VIL=DVSS			
High-level output voltage	VOH	DVDDIO*0.8	-	-	V	IOH= -2mA (9)			
Low-level output voltage	VOL	-	-	DVDDIO *0.2	V	IOL= 2mA (10)			
Ü	Analog DC characteristics DVDDCORE=1.5 [V], DVDDIO=3.0[V], AVDD=3.0[V], PLLVDD=3.0[V]								
VREF pin voltage	VAGND	1.30	1.45	1.60	V	IOUT=0A(no load)			
Analog pin voltage	VOUT	1.30	1.45	1.60	V	IOUT=0A(no load)			
						Not playing			
	General characteristics								
VREF pin rise time	TRVR	-	8	25	mS	When CVREF = 1uF,			
	NRST=L→H								
	Analog pin characteristics DVDDCORE=1.5[V], DVDDIO=3.0[V], AVDD=3.0[V], PLLVDD=3.0[V]								
Analog amplitude	VMAX	1.60	1.74	1.90	Vp-p	Theoretical value for			
dynamic range									
Analog Idd1	Power consumption DVDDCORE=1.5 [V], DVDDIO=3.0[V], AVDD=3.0[V], PLLVDD=3.0[V]  Analog Idd1 AIDD1 - 3.6 5 mA Playing								
(DA Converter)	AIDDT	_	3.0	3	ША	i laying			
Analog Idd2	AIDD2	_	0.6	1	mA	PLL related.			
(PLLVDD)				-		Core clock dependent.			
Digital Idd11	DIDD11	-	6.6	8	mA	Playing MP3			
(DVDDCORE)						, ,			
Digital Idd11	DIDD11	-	7.9	11	mA	Playing AAC-LC			
(DVDDCORE)									
Digital Idd11	DIDD11	=	14.7	17	mA	Playing HE-AAC			
(DVDDCORE)									
Digital Idd12	DIDD12	-	0.4/0.5	1.0	mA	Playing			
(DVDDIO+DVDDIO2)	AIDDC			0		Ot a sulliverse and a			
Analog Idd3	AIDD2	-	-	2	uA	Standby mode			
Digital Idd20 (DVDDCORE)	DIDD20	-	20	150	uA	Standby mode (8)			
Digital Idd21	DIDD21	-	-	5	uA	Standby mode			
(DVDDIO+DVDDIO2)						•			

DAC characteristics Typical value are at Ta=25[degree C] / AVDD=3.0[V]. Output load = no load .

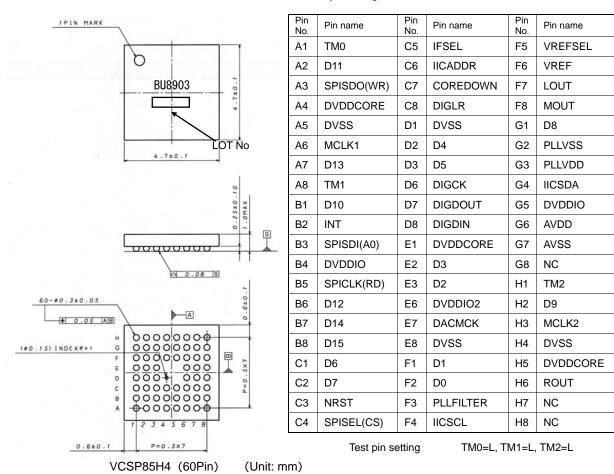
Parameter	Symbol	Ratings			Unit	Note/conditions
		Min	Тур	Max		
Input Resolution			16		Bits	
Output range		1.45±0.80	1.45±0.87	1.45±0.95	V	A-weight Center level = 1.45V.
Total harmonic distortion +Noise	THD+N	70 (1)	85	-	dB	fs=44.1,48kHz, 20kHz LPF
Cross-talk	Xtalk	70 (1)	90	-	dB	1kHz ouput, 1kHz BPF
Signal to noise ratio	SNR	75 (1)	90(1)	-	dB	fs=44.1,48kHz, A-weight
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	50 (2)	60	-	dB	A-weight,1kHz BPF

<sup>(1):</sup> Input frequency (f\_in = 1kHz), 0 dBFs (FullScale).

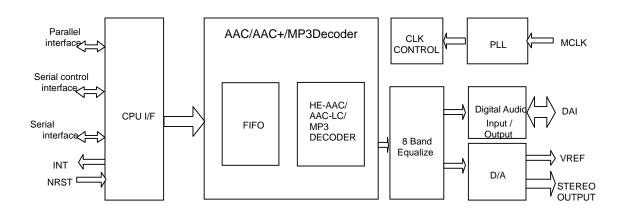


# O External measure and View

# ○Pin layout diagram



# O Block diagram





### OCautions on use

### (1) Absolute Maximum Ratings

An excess in the absolute maximum ratings, such as supply voltage, temperature range of operating conditions, etc., can break down devices, thus making impossible to identify breaking mode such as a short circuit or an open circuit. If any special mode exceeding the absolute maximum ratings is assumed, consideration should be given to take physical safety measures including the use of fuses, etc.

### (2) Operating conditions

These conditions represent a range within which characteristics can be provided approximately as expected. The electrical characteristics are guaranteed under the conditions of each parameter.

#### (3) Reverse connection of power supply connector

The reverse connection of power supply connector can break down ICs. Take protective measures against the breakdown due to the reverse connection, such as mounting an external diode between the power supply and the IC's power supply terminal.

## (4) Power supply line

Design PCB pattern to provide low impedance for the wiring between the power supply and the GND lines. In this regard, for the digital block power supply and the analog block power supply, even though these power supplies has the same level of potential, separate the power supply pattern for the digital block from that for the analog block, thus suppressing the diffraction of digital noises to the analog block power supply resulting from impedance common to the wiring patterns. For the GND line, give consideration to design the patterns in a similar manner.

Furthermore, for all power supply terminals to ICs, mount a capacitor between the power supply and the GND terminal. At the same time, in order to use an electrolytic capacitor, thoroughly check to be sure the characteristics of the capacitor to be used present no problem including the occurrence of capacity dropout at a low temperature, thus determining the constant.

### (5) GND voltage

Make setting of the potential of the GND terminal so that it will be maintained at the minimum in any operating state. Furthermore, check to be sure no terminals are at a potential lower than the GND voltage including an actual electric transient.

#### (6) Short circuit between terminals and erroneous mounting

In order to mount ICs on a set PCB, pay thorough attention to the direction and offset of the ICs. Erroneous mounting can break down the ICs. Furthermore, if a short circuit occurs due to foreign matters entering between terminals or between the terminal and the power supply or the GND terminal, the ICs can break down.

### (7) Operation in strong electromagnetic field

Be noted that using ICs in the strong electromagnetic field can malfunction them.

## (8) Inspection with set PCB

On the inspection with the set PCB, if a capacitor is connected to a low-impedance IC terminal, the IC can suffer stress. Therefore, be sure to discharge from the set PCB by each process. Furthermore, in order to mount or dismount the set PCB to/from the jig for the inspection process, be sure to turn OFF the power supply and then mount the set PCB to the jig. After the completion of the inspection, be sure to turn OFF the power supply and then dismount it from the jig. In addition, for protection against static electricity, establish a ground for the assembly process and pay thorough attention to the transportation and the storage of the set PCB.

### (9)Input terminals

In terms of the construction of IC, parasitic elements are inevitably formed in relation to potential. The operation of the parasitic element can cause interference with circuit operation, thus resulting in a malfunction and then breakdown of the input terminal. Therefore, pay thorough attention not to handle the input terminals, such as to apply to the input terminals a voltage lower than the GND respectively, so that any parasitic element will operate. Furthermore, do not apply a voltage to the input terminals when no power supply voltage is applied to the IC. In addition, even if the power supply voltage is applied, apply to the input terminals a voltage lower than the power supply voltage or within the quaranteed value of electrical characteristics.

## (10) Ground wiring pattern

If small-signal GND and large-current GND are provided, It will be recommended to separate the large-current GND pattern from the small-signal GND pattern and establish a single ground at the reference point of the set PCB so that resistance to the wiring pattern and voltage fluctuations due to a large current will cause no fluctuations in voltages of the small-signal GND. Pay attention not to cause fluctuations in the GND wiring pattern of external parts as well.

### (11) External capacitor

In order to use a ceramic capacitor as the external capacitor, determine the constant with consideration given to a degradation in the nominal capacitance due to DC bias and changes in the capacitance due to temperature, etc.

### (12) Others

In case of use this LSI, please peruse some other detail documents, we called ,Technical note, Functinal description, Application note.

## **Notes**

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